

Your Rights and Safe Guards Against Surprise Medical Bills

When you get emergency care or are treated by an out-of-network doctor at an in-network hospital, you are protected from balance billing. You should not be charged more than your plan's copayment, coinsurance or deductible.

What is "Balance Billing" (also called "surprise billing")?

When you see a doctor, you may owe out-of-pocket costs (copayment or deductible). You may also have extra costs if you see someone outside your health plan.

"Out-of-network" means doctors or hospitals haven't agreed with your health plan to cover their services. Out-of-network doctors may bill you the left over amount between what your insurance pays and the full cost for a service. This is called "balance billing." This amount may be more than in-network costs and might not count toward your plan deductible or out-of-pocket limit.

"Surprise Billing" is an **unexpected** balance bill. This happens when you can't control who cares for you- like when you need emergency care.

You are protected from balance billing for:

Emergency Services

Emergency services with an out-of-network provider can bill you the same as <u>your</u> plan's innetwork amount (copayments, coinsurance, and deductibles). They cannot bill you more.

In-network hospital or surgery center

Certain doctors at your hospital or surgery center may be out-of-network. The most they can bill you is your plan's in-network cost. This includes: emergency, anesthesia, radiology, lab, or hospitalist services. They cannot bill you the left over balance between their cost and your insurance coverage.

For other services at in-network hospitals, out-of-network doctors can't balance bill you, unless you signed away this protection.

You are never required to give up protection from balance billing.

 You are not required to get out-of-network care. You can choose a health provider / facility in your plan network.

When balance billing isn't allowed, you also have these protections:

You only need to pay your share of the cost (copayments and deductibles you would normally pay if the doctor or hospital was in-network). Your health plan will pay extra costs to out-of-network providers and facilities directly.

Generally, your health plan must:

- Cover emergency services without requiring you to get approval for services in advance.
- Cover emergency services by out-of-network hospitals.
- Base what you owe on what it would cost for in-network services and show that amount in your Explanation of Benefits.
- Count what you pay for emergency services or out-of-network services toward your innetwork deductible and out-of-pocket limit.

If you think your bill is wrong, contact Winneshiek Medical Center at 563-382-2911 (The Federal phone number for information and complaints: 1-800-985-3059)

Visit <u>www.cms.gov/nosurprises/consumers</u> for more information about your rights under federal law.